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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/663,241	09/16/2003	Pal Maliga	RUT.97-0097US1-DIV	5658	
110 7:	7590 08/18/2006		EXAMINER		
DANN, DORFMAN, HERRELL & SKILLMAN			KUBELIK, ANNE R		
1601 MARKE	Γ STREET				
SUITE 2400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PHILADELPH	IIA, PA 19103-2307		1638		
			DATE MAILED: 08/18/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/663,241		MALIGA ET AL.		
Examiner		Art Unit		
	Anne R. Kubelik	1638		

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	Anne R. Kubelik	1638				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED 07 August 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AI	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.				
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	06.07(f).					
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origi than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropri inally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action: or (2) as			
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed <u>AMENDMENTS</u> 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	ns of the date of e appeal. Since			
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further co (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo 	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause			
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in being appeal; and/or	•		the issues for			
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.1)		ected claims.				
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		mpliant Amendment	(DTOL 224)			
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)		inpliant Amendment	(F10L-324).			
	Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the					
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is protected. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:	will not be entered, or b) will will will will will will will	l be entered and an e	explanation of			
Claim(s) rejected:						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE						
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good answas not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	t before or on the date of filing a No d sufficient reasons why the affidav	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> it or other evidence is	ot be entered s necessary and			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary.	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appea y and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fai ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	ls to provide a			
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ned.			
 The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet. 	t does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowar	nce because:			
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).						
13. ☑ Other: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> .						

Continuation of 3. NOTE:

New issues: Each limitation in claims 10 and 11 would require a separate search. Additionally, there are written description issues, as a representative number of all such promoters from all such plants have not been described.

New matter: there is only support in Example 1 and Fig 5 for clpP, rpoB abd atpP NEP promoters from a small number of plant species, not from any plant species as encompassed by the claims. Example IV only provides support for the rbcL, atpB, clpP and 16SrDNA PEP promoters from rice, not from any plant species as encompassed by the claims.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

112, 1st, written description. Applicant urge they disagree with examiner's positions for the reasons previously presented. This is not found persuasive for the reasons previously presented. Applicant urges that the recited function is that an NEP promoter is transcribed by a nuclear-encoded plastid polymerase and a PEP promoter is transcribed by a plastid encoded polymerase, thus the function of NEP and PEP promoters are provided. This is not found persuasive because structural and functional elements of the claimed promoters must be described. The structural elements are not described within the full scope of the claims. The specification describes an NEP promoter consensus that is present in some, but not all NEP promoters (pg 21-22). No PEP consensus is described. Applicant urges that a single species can describe a genus, citing Example 9 of the written description guidelines. This is not found persuasive because in example 9, more than one DNA was isolated and shown to encode proteins with the specified activity. The claims were not drawn to any DNA that encode proteins with the specified activity, but to a subset of them. The instant case does not follow the fact pattern of Example 9. In the instant case, the instant claims are drawn to any promoter with the claimed functions. Such promoters are not described within the fill scope of the claims. Applicant urges that they describe multiple species of NEP and PEP promoters. This is not found persuasive because NEP and PEP promoters were only described from a few genes and from a few plant species. Further, the specification could not describe the structural features in common with NEP promoters and in common with PEP promoters.

112, 1st, enablement: Applicant urges that example I-IV provide methods for identification of NEP and PEP promoters. This is not found persuasive because the examples do not teach how to make the claimed promoters, only how to assay. Since the specification fails to teach how to make the promoters, undue trail and error experimentation would be required to make and test potential nucleic acids.

102(e): Applicant urges that Logan et al is wholly silent was to the presence of an NEP promoter in the rps16 promoter, and that the higher transcription rates seen in wild-type leaf tissue can be accounted for by a promoter containing only a PEP promoter, because such a promoter would exhibit higher relative transcription rates in wild-type than mutant leaf tissue. This is not found persuasive because Legen states that all plastid genes are transcribed in e PEP-deficient background (paragraph spanning the columns on pg 176). Thus, the rps16 promoter is both a PEP and an NEP promoter.

Continuation of 13. Other: Tliis application contains claims 1-4 drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in the response filed 18 August 2005. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1 .144). See MPEPi 821.01..

ANNE KUBELIK, PH.D.

PRIMARY EXAMINER